

## Home Assignment 3

Due: November 7, 2017

1. Consider the linear regression model

$$y_t = \alpha + \beta t + u_t, \quad u_t \sim iid(0, \sigma^2), \quad (t = 1, \dots, T).$$

Show that the OLS estimators of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are consistent.

2. For the linear regression model

$$y_t = \beta x_t + \varepsilon_t, \quad \varepsilon_t \sim iid(0, \sigma^2), \quad t = 1, \dots, n,$$

an estimator

$$\bar{b} = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^n y_t}{\sum_{t=1}^n x_t}$$

is considered. Assume  $\{x_t\}$  is a sequence of constants with  $\sum_{t=1}^n x_t \rightarrow c (\neq 0)$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .

- (a) Is  $\bar{b}$  consistent?
  - (b) Construct a t-ratio<sup>1</sup> for  $H_0 : \beta = 0$  using  $\bar{b}$  and derive its asymptotic distribution.
3. Let  $\varepsilon_t$  be i.i.d. following  $B(m, p)$ <sup>2</sup> and  $u_t = \varepsilon_t + \varepsilon_{t-1}$ . What is the probability limit of  $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^n u_t$ ?
  4. Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots$  be independent random variables with  $P\{X_n = 1\} = p_n$  and  $P\{X_n = 0\} = 1 - p_n$ . Show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{p} 0$  if  $p_n \rightarrow 0$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$ .
  5. Let  $X_t$  be i.i.d. following  $B(1, p)$ . What is the limiting distribution of  $\sqrt{n}(\bar{X} - p)$ ?

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<sup>1</sup>The t-ratio has the functional form

$$\frac{\text{estimator- point under } H_0}{\text{standard error}}.$$

<sup>2</sup> $B(m, p)$  denotes the binomial distribution with the number of trials  $m$  and success probability  $p$ .